The NWP as a National Infrastructure that Encourages Writing and the Teaching of Writing

NWP Annual Meeting 2005
Inverness Research Associates

Inverness Research Associates and our work with the NWP

Education research and evaluation group headquartered in Calif. Bay Area

Annual site profile—data on all sites' programs since 1994-95

Annual surveys of institute participants Studies of various NWP initiatives

Provide data and reports for NWP federal application, annual site reviews, spring meeting, annual meeting

The NWP as a national infrastructure



What do we mean by infrastructure?

- A foundational system that makes many kinds of work possible
- A unitary entity with thousands of connections
- Everyday examples—roads and highways, electricity, telephones, air flight systems, water systems

Some criteria for assessing a national infrastructure

- 1. Provides broad and equitable access
- 2. Functions at large scale
- 3. Uses strong central capacity to ensure provision of customized local services—e.g., encouraging writing and the teaching of writing
- 4. Local services are of reliably high quality

1. BROAD ACCESS



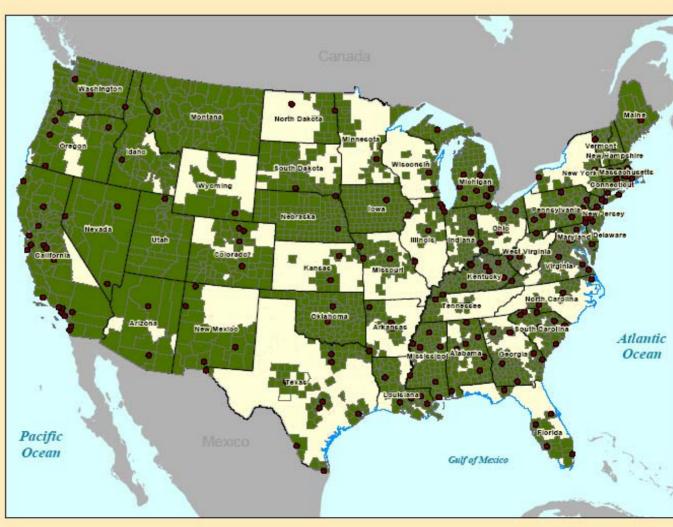
NWP service area provides potential access to teachers in 2,024 counties

Alaska



Hawaii





NWP service area offers broad potential access to teachers

	In the U.S.	In NWP Service Area	
# counties	3,216	2,024	
# districts	16,577	12,692	
# schools	95,965	77,058	
# students	47 million	41 million <i>(87%)</i>	

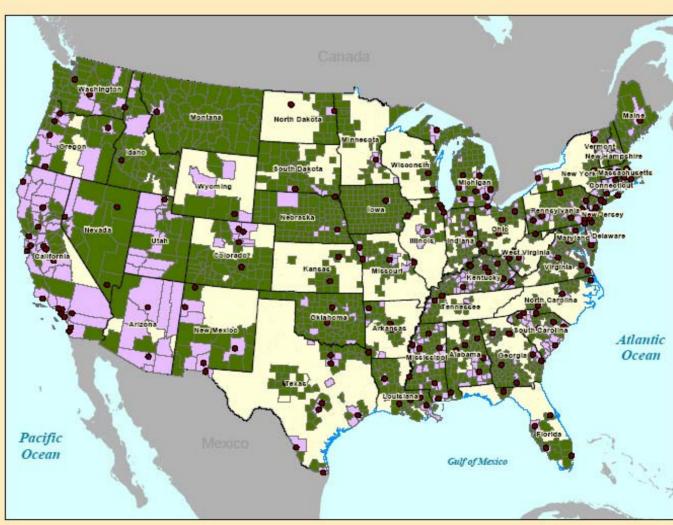
NWP services actually reached teachers in 818 counties in 2003-04

Alaska



Hawaii



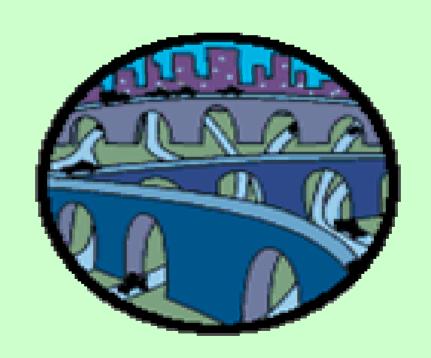


NWP programs actually reached a substantial portion of the service area in 2003-04

	In NWP <u>Service Area</u>	Served by NWP Programs		
# counties	2,024	818 (<i>40%</i>)		
# districts	12,692	1,711 (13%)		
# schools	77,058	2,967 (4%)		
# students	41 million	2.4 million*(6%)		

^{* #} students represents those who are in the 2,967 schools served by NWP programs

2. LARGE SCALE



Overall scale of work that NWP infrastructure supports in just one year

- 6,871 programs
- 12,238 active Teacher-Consultants
- 192,892 participants served
- 128,387 educator-participants served
- 86,858 individual educators served
- 20 hours on average per individual educator

Percentage of teachers in the nation served each year

2.9% of total K-12 teaching force (1 in 35)

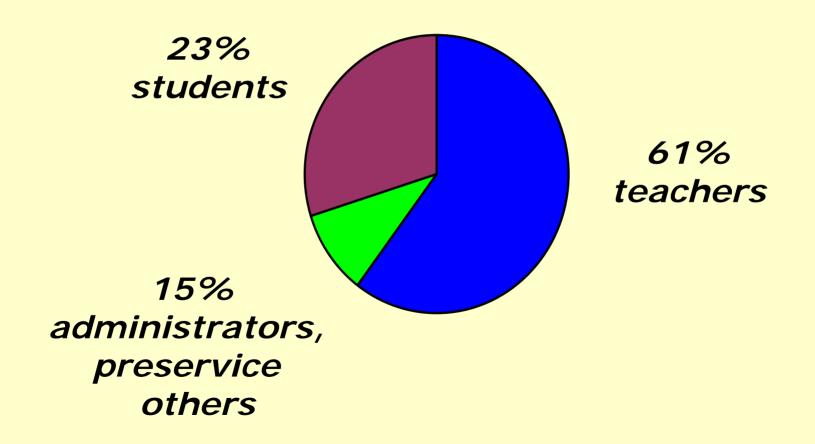
 Estimated 1 out of 8 who are directly responsible for teaching writing



3. CENTRAL CAPACITY TO PROVIDE CUSTOMIZED LOCAL SERVICES

...Encouraging writing and the teaching of writing

Who participates in NWP programs





Encouraging students



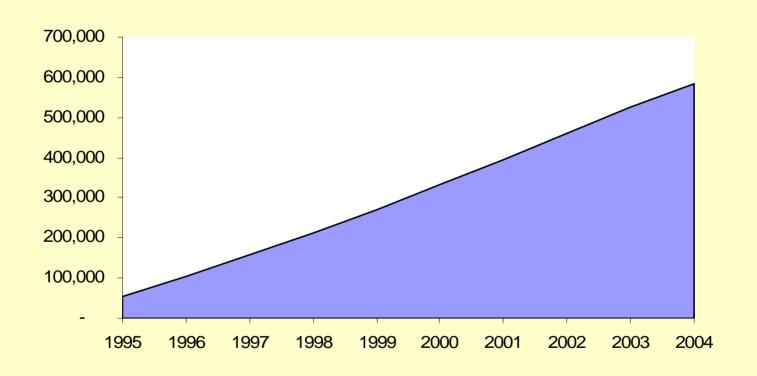


Youth and community programs 2003-04

136 sites offered 707 Youth and Community programs.

45,267 students participated (~1 out of 1,000)

~600,000 students taught by Institute participants,1995 - 2004

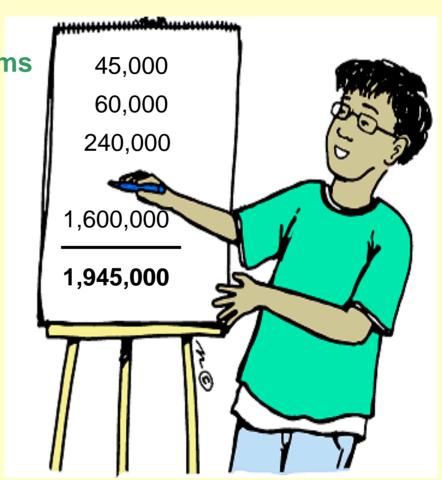


Every year, Institute participants teach about 60,000 students

Estimating total numbers of students reached directly or indirectly in 1 year

- ✓ students in Young Writers programs
- ✓ students of Institute participants
- √ students of 12,000 active TCs
- √ students of Inservice participants

(~ 1 in 25 students)



Encouraging teachers



Each site creates a program of varied offerings for local teachers

The average site offers—

- 1 Invitational institute
- 12 Continuity programs
- 21 Inservice programs
 - 4 Youth and community programs

NWP serves teachers in depth

Invitational Institute: 121 hrs

A teacher at an Invitational Institute receives, on average, about 7 hours per day for 18 days.

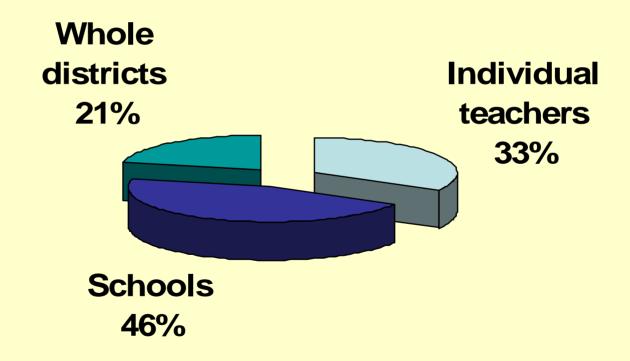
М	Tu	W	Th	F

All other programs: 16 hrs

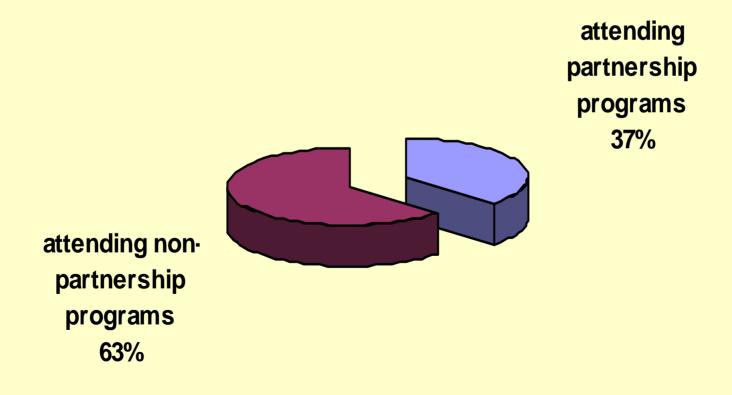
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Teachers attending other NWP programs receive, on average, about 4 hours per day for 4 days.

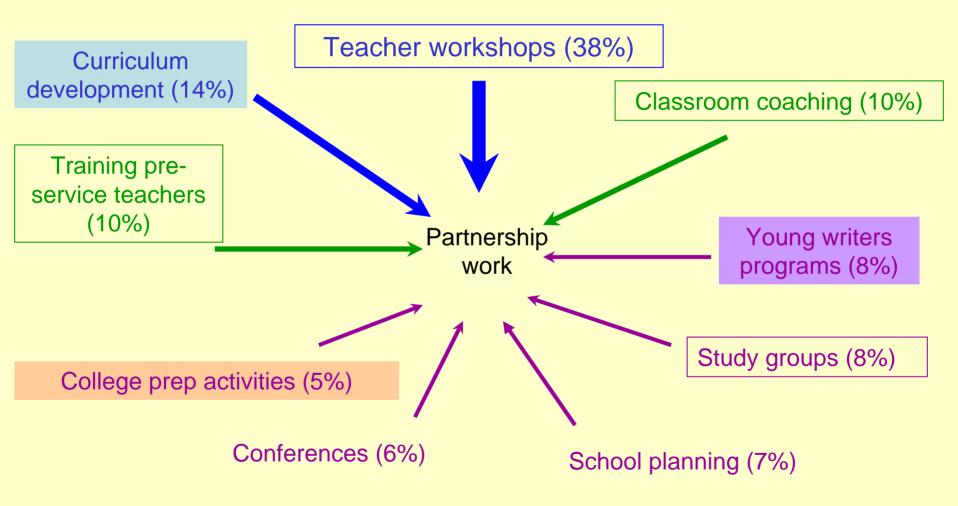
Local sites reach out to teachers in different contexts



37% of all teacher participants receive inservice in the context of a long-term partnership

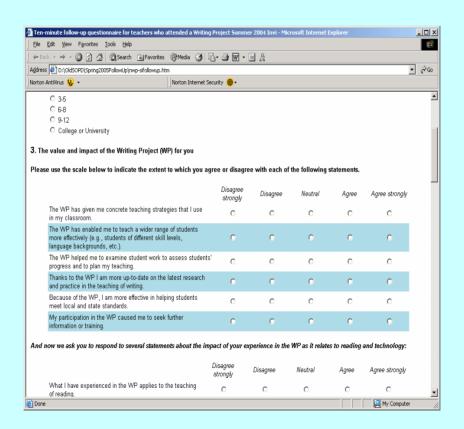


Partnerships involve a wide range of activities customized for local context



22% of partnership work involved other activities such as coaching TCs, writing assessments, continuity work, other youth and community programs.

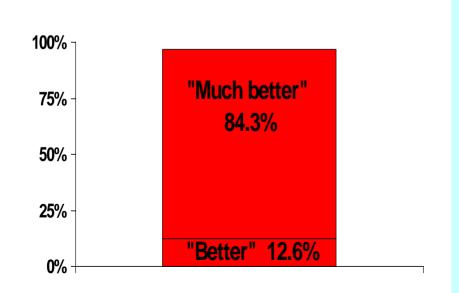
4. RELIABLY HIGH QUALITY

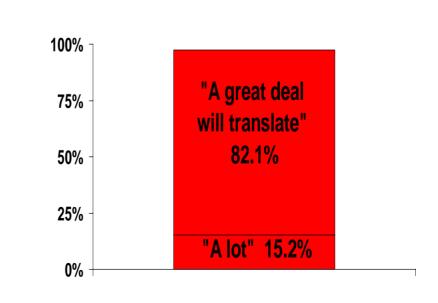


97% of teachers at NWP institutes say—

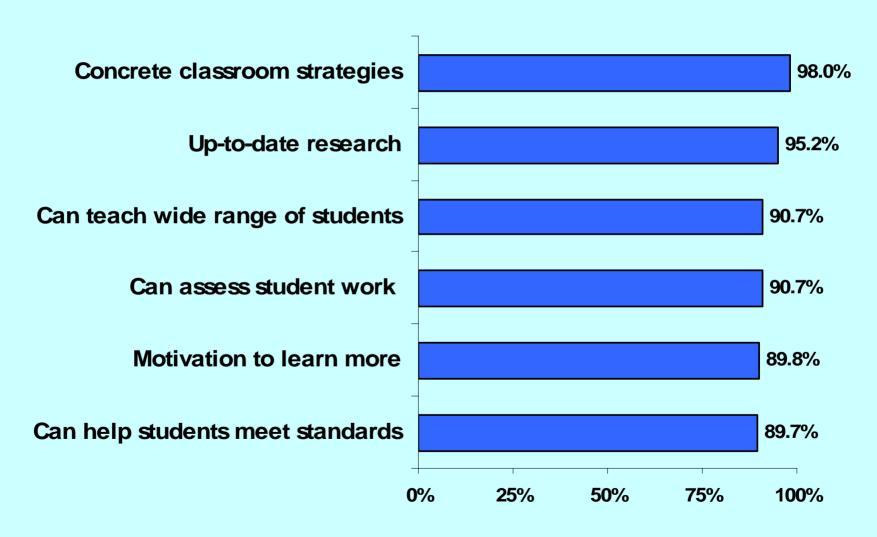
NWP is better than other professional development

What they learn translates into improved writing skills for their students

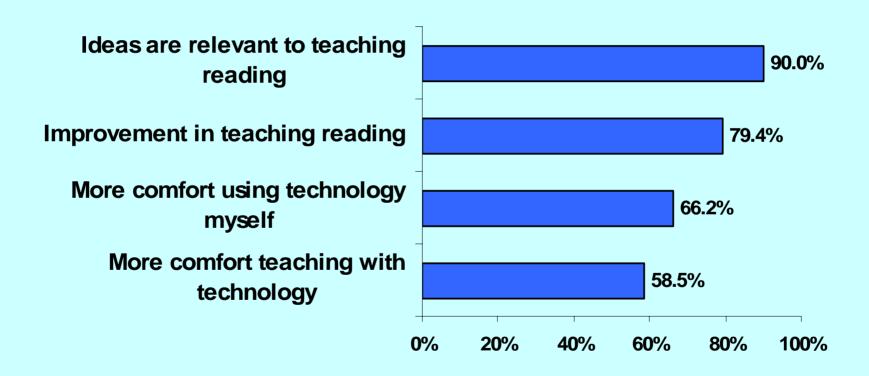


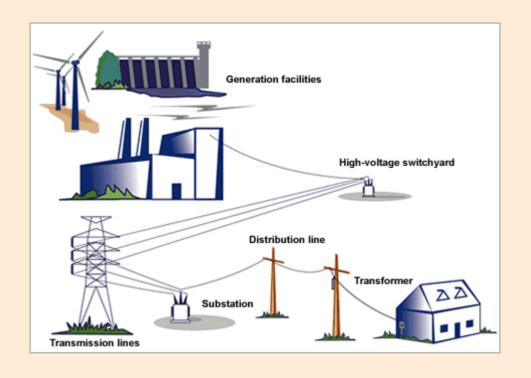


Institute participants say they gain knowledge and skills for teaching writing



Institute participants also get help with reading and technology

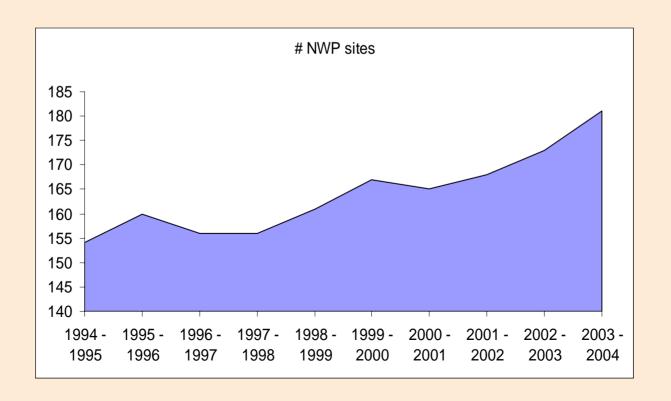




Promoting the growth and vitality of the national NWP infrastructure

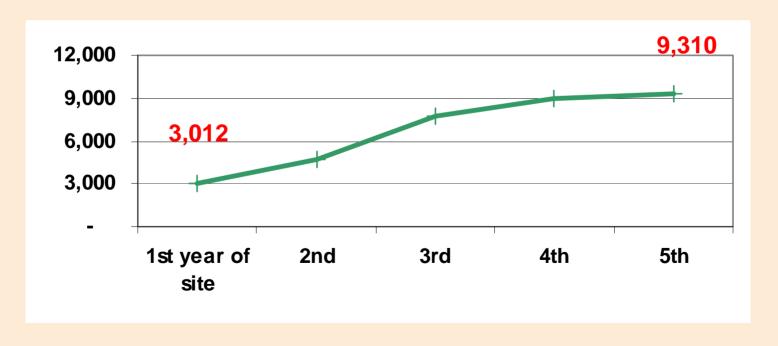
The NWP continues to grow while maintaining quality

89 sites were started up during the last ten years51 sites were "decommissioned" during the same period



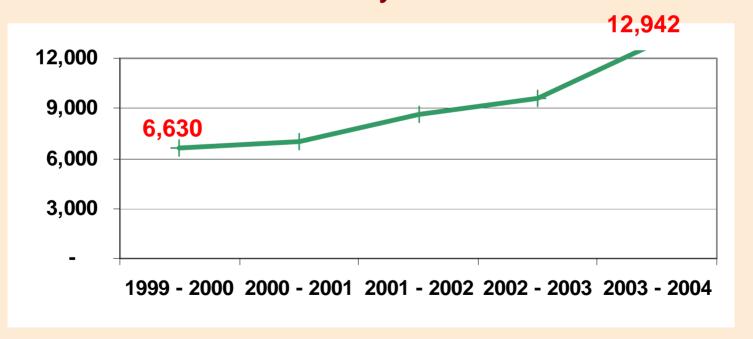
NWP infrastructure supports new site development

Average participant contact hours triple over first five years for new sites:



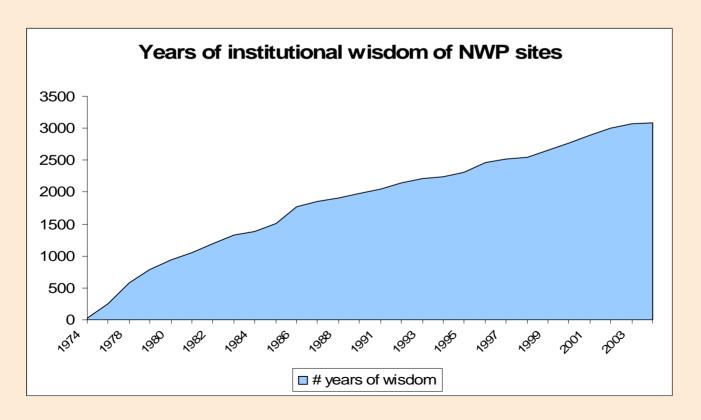
Young sites continue to become more productive as they mature

Average participant contact hours double for sites 5-10 years old:



One way to think about Jim Gray's legacy

The NWP network has accumulated 3,126 "site-years" of experience!



Summary points

- The NWP is a national infrastructure that supports the work of local sites
- Local sites serve students, individual teachers, schools, and districts in a wide range of ways that encourage writing and promote effective practice
- The NWP is well designed to grow larger, with attention to high quality

The evidence suggests that the NWP is a wise federal investment in educational improvement

